Naming should be Order\_YourName\_ID, Customer\_YourName\_ID, Shippers\_YourName\_ID

Order Table: Customer table

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Order\_  ID | Cust\_  ID | Order\_date | purchase\_  amount | No\_of\_items |  | Cust\_ID | Cust\_name | Cust\_country |
| O-1 | C-1 | 2018-12-01 | 2000 | 4 |  | C-1 | Badshah | India |
| O-2 | C-1 | 2018-12-01 | 3000 | 3 |  | C-2 | Ayesha | Bangladesh |
| O-3 | C-2 | 2018-01-23 | 17000 | 10 |  | C-3 | Robert | England |
| O-4 | C-2 | 2018-12-01 | 5000 | 9 |  | C-4 | Darwin | England |
| O-5 | C-3 | 2018-12-01 | 5000 | 12 |  | C-5 | Danish | USA |
| O-6 | C-4 | 2018-07-25 | 4000 | 6 |  | C-6 | Sohel | Bangladesh |

Shippers table

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Shipper\_ID | Shipper\_name | Shipper\_country | Order\_ID |
| S-1 | Amazon | England | O-5 |
| S-1 | Ocean-12 | India | O-1 |
| S-2 | Ocean-11 | USA | O-3 |
| S-3 | Amazon | England | O-6 |

Tasks:

1. Find out those records from order table who purchased more in amount than that customer who placed order with ID “**O-6**”.
2. Find out those orders which have number of items purchased less than any of “C-2” and “C-4”.
3. Find out those orders which have number of items purchased less than “C-2” and “C-4”.
4. Find out the order date which have purchase amount greater than any of purchase amount that of C-3 and C-4.
5. Find out those orders which have purchase amount greater than the average of all purchase amounts.
6. Find out those customers who live in the same country as Ayesha lives.
7. Find out those shipper names which did not ship order O-1 and O-6.
8. Find out those order ID which is which has purchase amount same as purchased by Ayesha.
9. Find out those customers who have not placed any order.
10. Find out the order ID and purchase amount of hose orders which had the same shipper as customer “C-3”.
11. Find out the order date of those customers who don’t live in the same country as Ayesha lives.